Did Covid impact my child in ways I don't recognize?

You may have noticed:

A delay in skills such as taking a first step, smiling for the first time, or waving "bye bye."

- A 2022 study found nearly twice the risk of developmental milestone delays in communication and social development in babies born during the pandemic.¹
- Typically, 1 in 6 children experience a developmental delay, this number has increased since the pandemic.
- As expected, evidence suggests the pandemic may be impacting young children's development. Long term impacts are not yet known, however, we do know caregivers (parents, teachers, grandparents) have a very important role in supporting young children's development.

How could this have happened?

Your child may have been impacted during the Pandemic as a result of:

- Fewer opportunities to play or spend time with friends and family
- More time spent on phones, tablets and watching TV
- · Increased caregiver stress

What should I do now?

- Review your child's Developmental Milestones https://bit.ly/EDN_LearnGrow
- If you have concerns about your child's development, please call 1-888-806-6827 or go to https://bit.ly/NebraskaChildFind
- If your child is under the age of 3 you may contact the Early Development Network at https://edn.ne.gov/cms
- The Nebraska Family Helpline has resources for parents and families at 1-888-866-8660

For additional resources, visit: www.neinfantmentalhealth.org

¹Giesbrecht, G., Lebel, C., Dennis, C., Tough, S. C., McDonald, S., & Tomfohr-Madsen, L. (2022, February 3). Increased risk for developmental delay among babies born during the pandemic.

² Moyer, M.W. (2022). The COVID generation: how is the pandemic affecting kids' brains?, Nature, 601, 180-183.



Six actions you can take today to support your child's development:

TALK, TALK

SONGS

AND

SING

do daily activities questions about explain to your child what you to talk. As you Ask your child how we share opportunities you can help Language is experiences; by creating are doing. what they

The repetitive nature is good

relationships.

for children, and they love to sing

them again and again! Teach your

favorites!

ATTENTIVE **BE WARM** ON YOUR **EXPAND** CHILD'S SPEECH

AND

picture in a book, when your child name what they your child uses. language that anguage, you Provide them For example, the words or points to a can expand non-verbal are seeing. with rich

provide supportive,

When you

YOUR CHILD

warm interactions, your child is more ikely to have better

interests lead their play and physically ioin them in a way

Let your child's language skills!

that they can see

your face.

READ A BOOK

Read with

questions about are read to and them to find a in the reading reading or ask what you are Children that are involved thrive! Ask your child. picture on

AND PLAYING

These are a great

NURSERY

RHYMES

way to expand

language and build

H H

SPEAKING

WHEN

REACH OUT **WAYS TO** DENTIFY

essen your stress and receive help t is ok to ask for social supports in your area to and concerns. and support. meaningful Research

The more that we can stimulate them and play with them and read to them and love them that's what it's going to take. $^{ extstyle 2}$





Nebraska Association for Infant Mental Health